

Population Policy Acceptance Study (PPA, 1991, 2000)

The entity that has organized the survey and is responsible for data collection - as well as key data on the entity's membership, governance arrangements, source of funding etc.

The first wave was initiated and coordinated by Hein Moors (Netherlands Interdisciplinary Demographic Institute) and Rossella Palomba (National Institute of Population Research, Italy). The second wave was coordinated by Charlotte Höhn at the Bundesinstitut für Bevölkerungsforschung (BUBE).

Among the partners are the Population and Social Policy Consultants (PSPC), Brussels; Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche – Istituto di Ricerche sulla Popolazione e le Politiche Sociali (CNR/IRPPS), Rome; Population Research Institute (PRI), Helsinki; Österreichische Akademie der Wissenschaften – Institut für Demographie (OEAW), Vienna; Warsaw School of Economics – Institute of Statistics and Demography (ISD); Netherlands Interdisciplinary Demographic Institute (NIDI), The Hague; Centrum voor Bevolkings- en Gezinsstudie (CBGS), Brussels; Masarykova Univerzita– Department of Sociology; School of Social Studies (SSS MU); Estonian Interuniversity Population Research Centre (EKDK), Tallinn; Institute for Economic Research, Ljubljana; Demographic Research Institute at the HCSO (DRI), Budapest; Institute of Medical Sciences, Ljubljana; and University of Zurich, Institute for Sociology (SUZ).

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A historical sketch of the initiation and origin of the survey

The demographic developments in Europe with low fertility, rising divorce rates, less families and more individualised living arrangements, and the social problem which follow from this development, constitute the historical background for this survey.

Internet links to the website of the responsible organization

http://www.bib-demografie.de/EN/Research/Surveys/PPAS/ppas_node.html

The frequency or repetitions of the survey. Possible explanation of this.

Two waves:

Wave I: 1991

Wave II: 2000

A description of the survey's content, i.e. both focused rotational and / or core modules of the survey

Demographics: General population related policies and attitudes; gender issues; work and parenthood; child-friendly policies; and intergenerational solidarity.

An outline of the type of sample and the main data collection methods used

Sampling procedures and data collection methods vary between countries, but usually multi-stage, random probability sampling designs were employed. Total sample size is about 10,000 in the first wave and 34,000 people between 18 and 75 years of age in the second. Further details are lacking – documentation is available [here](#) but is contingent upon registration at GESIS including a statement of purpose.

An account of availability of the data to researchers, restrictions on access, etc.

GESIS has made the data from Germany freely available upon registration. Information about the other data is limited.

Questionnaires, English version

These are available at [GESIS](#) upon registration and a statement of purpose (click on the tab “Data and Documents”, then the subtab “Questionnaires”).

The countries included in the different rounds

PPA I: Austria, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Netherlands, Spain, and Switzerland.

PPA II: Austria, Belgium (Flanders only), Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Lithuania, the Netherlands, Poland, Romania, and Slovenia.

Cumulative file

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Publications based on data

http://www.bib-demografie.de/EN/Research/Surveys/PPAS/Publications/publication_node.html

Analytical summary...

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, all information is extracted from the website of the PPA study.